

July 2015

Morris County

Estimated Economic Impact of Agriculture, Food, and Food Processing Sectors

A total of 13 agriculture, food, and food processing sectors were analyzed to determine their overall contribution to the Morris County economy.¹ These 13 sectors have a total direct output of approximately \$162 million and support 538.7 jobs in Morris County. Running the model for all 13 sectors simultaneously produces the following results:

Agriculture Contribution in Morris County

				% of Gross		% of Gross
		% of Total	Total	Regional		Regional
Impact Type ²	Employment	Employment	Value Added ³	Product ⁴	Output ⁵	Product
Direct Effect	538.7	21%	\$66,735,422	37%	\$162,336,497	91%
Indirect Effect	117.3	5%	\$6,338,916	4%	\$11,939,162	7%
Induced Effect	70.7	3%	\$4,531,557	3%	\$8,550,283	5%
Total Effect	726.7	29%	\$77,605,895	43%	\$182,825,943	102%

As shown in the above table, agriculture, food, and food processing supports 726.7 jobs, or 29% of the entire workforce in the county. These industries provide a total economic contribution of approximately \$183 million, roughly 102% of Gross Region Product (GRP). As noted below in the calculation of Gross Regional Product, imports and institutional sales are subtracted. Therefore, counties that import a relatively large amount of goods and services will have a reduced GRP which may lead to agricultural output being greater than GRP.

Another metric used to calculate the importance of sectors in an economy is their value added as a percentage of GRP. Total value added by the 13 agriculture, food, and food processing sectors is approximately \$78 million, or 43% of the GRP. This indicates that personal income, business income, and taxes generated by these sectors account for 43% of the total economy.

The following tables document the overall summary numbers of the model, top industries affected by employment and output, and a listing of all industries that were analyzed.

¹ Article on building a contribution analysis in IMPLAN that avoids double counting: https://implan.com/index.php?option=com_content&view=category&id=19

² Direct, indirect, and induced effects sum together to estimate the total economic contribution in the state. **Direct effects** capture the contribution from agricultural and food products. **Indirect effects** capture the economic benefit from farms and agricultural businesses purchasing inputs from supporting industries within the state. **Induced effects** capture the benefits created when employees of farms, agricultural businesses, and the supporting industries spend their wages on goods and services within the state.

³ Value Added = Labor Income + Indirect Business Taxes + Other Property Type Income

⁴ GRP = Final Demand of Households + Governments Expenditures + Capital + Exports - Imports - Institutional Sales

⁵ Output = Intermediate Inputs + Value Added

In the top ten by employment, Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming is the top employer in the agriculture industry with 347.9 employees. This table also shows the amount of jobs that are created by the agriculture industry in Morris County.

Top 10 Industries Affected by Employment

	Total	Total
Sector Description:	Employment	Output
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching		
and farming	347.9	\$106,856,338
All other crop farming	82.5	\$12,409,480
Support activities for agriculture and forestry		\$3,604,976
Grain farming	39.4	\$16,345,774
Dairy cattle and milk production	27.5	\$6,060,507
All other industrial machinery manufacturing	19.0	\$4,609,457
Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation	12.3	\$1,897,653
Wholesale trade	9.9	\$1,857,437
Full-service restaurants	9.0	\$383,933
Limited-service restaurants	8.2	\$376,752

The Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming industry directly contributes approximately \$107 million to Morris County's economy. This table also shows how much revenue is generated in other industries by having a strong agriculture industry.

Top 10 Industries Affected by Output

	Total	Total
Sector Description:	Employment	Output
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching		
and farming	347.9	\$106,856,338
Grain farming	39.4	\$16,345,774
Oilseed farming	5.3	\$13,596,532
All other crop farming	82.5	\$12,409,480
Dairy cattle and milk production	27.5	\$6,060,507
All other industrial machinery manufacturing		\$4,609,457
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	60.0	\$3,604,976
Owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	\$2,630,889
Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation	12.3	\$1,897,653
Wholesale trade	9.9	\$1,857,437

Below is a summary of all agriculture data with employment levels and output level. These values can tell how many jobs are represented by each agriculture sector and the output they contributed to Morris County's economy.

Sector Description:	Employment	Output
Oilseed farming	5.3	\$13,596,532
Grain farming	39.4	\$16,345,774
Vegetable and melon farming	1.0	\$218,247
Greenhouse, nursery, and floriculture production	1.0	\$199,925
All other crop farming		\$12,409,480
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching		
and farming	347.9	\$106,856,338
Dairy cattle and milk production	27.5	\$6,060,507
Poultry and egg production	1.6	\$914,519
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs		\$196,091
Bread and bakery product, except frozen, manufacturing		\$466,739
All other industrial machinery manufacturing		\$4,609,457
Veterinary services		\$292,867
Landscape and horticultural services		\$170,021

All 105 counties in Kansas have IMPLAN models with an agriculture contribution summary. These values do not factor in the retail environment of food sales. Food retail is important, but in order to provide the most accurate picture of what production agricultural and processing contributes to Kansas, the retail sector was omitted.